



POLICY ON TERRESTRIAL ECOSYSTEM SUSTAINABILITY, BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION AND INVASIVE SPECIES MANAGEMENT



I. Introduction and General Provisions

Termez State University (TerSU), in its role as a center of higher education, research, and civic responsibility, recognizes its ethical, scientific, and social obligation to conserve, restore, and sustainably manage terrestrial ecosystems within and surrounding its campuses. The University acknowledges that forests, mountains, drylands, wetlands, and other terrestrial systems are crucial for maintaining ecological integrity, supporting biodiversity, and ensuring ecosystem services such as soil fertility, water regulation, and carbon sequestration. TerSU further recognizes that the presence of endangered, threatened, or vulnerable species within its operational areas requires proactive management and protection measures, and that invasive species pose a significant threat to ecosystem stability and resilience.

This Policy is formulated in accordance with the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the Law “On Environmental Protection” (2018), the Law “On Specially Protected Natural Territories” (2016), the Law “On the Use and Protection of Forests” (2019), and the Law “On Plant Quarantine” (2019). It also aligns with international obligations under the United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD, 1992), the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES, 1975), the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDG 15: Life on Land), the IUCN Red List framework, and the UN Convention to Combat Desertification (UNCCD, 1994).

The purpose of this Policy is to create an institutional and operational framework that enables TerSU to conserve terrestrial ecosystems, protect threatened and endangered species, and minimize the impact of invasive species on its campuses. The Policy commits to integrating environmental sustainability into teaching, research, and administrative activities while fostering a culture of ecological responsibility among students, faculty, and staff.

This Policy applies to all members of the University community, including students, faculty, administrative staff, contractors, and affiliated researchers, as well as to all University-owned or managed land, research stations, botanical and zoological collections, experimental plots, and adjacent natural habitats. It also governs university-supported projects, partnerships, and collaborations with governmental agencies, local communities, and non-governmental organizations engaged in ecological management, conservation, or restoration activities.

II. Objectives

The primary objective of this Policy is to ensure that TerSU's operations, activities, and development projects contribute positively to the conservation, restoration, and sustainable management of terrestrial ecosystems. The University also seeks to protect native and endangered species and reduce threats from invasive species, thereby fulfilling both national legal requirements and international commitments.

Specific objectives of the Policy include the following. First, TerSU aims to conserve forests, drylands, mountains, wetlands, and green spaces within and around its campuses through sustainable land management practices. Second, the University will restore degraded ecosystems, focusing on areas affected by soil erosion, deforestation, or unsustainable agricultural practices. Third, TerSU commits to identifying, monitoring, and safeguarding species listed on the IUCN Red List and Uzbekistan's National Conservation List, ensuring that these species' habitats are preserved, restored, or enhanced. Fourth, the University seeks to prevent the introduction and proliferation of invasive species that may compromise native biodiversity or ecosystem function. Fifth, the Policy promotes education, research, and awareness-raising activities that strengthen understanding of ecosystem conservation, species protection, and invasive species management. Sixth, TerSU will integrate sustainability considerations into operational planning, construction, landscaping, and resource management. Lastly, the Policy encourages collaboration with national and international partners to advance ecological knowledge, implement restoration initiatives, and support regional biodiversity conservation strategies.

III. Guiding Principles

The implementation of this Policy is grounded in a set of principles derived from national legislation, international frameworks, and the University's commitment to sustainable development.

The principle of sustainability requires that all land and natural resource use do not exceed the regenerative capacity of ecosystems, ensuring the long-term health of soils, water systems, vegetation, and wildlife. Conservation through knowledge underscores the University's responsibility to leverage research, teaching, and applied science to inform ecosystem management, habitat restoration, and species protection. Responsible land stewardship guides all campus development, landscaping, and operational activities, ensuring minimal ecological disruption and careful planning of new construction or research facilities. The principle of precaution directs the University to

prioritize prevention of ecological harm, particularly with respect to endangered species and invasive organisms. Community engagement emphasizes the role of students, faculty, staff, and local communities as active participants in restoration projects, biodiversity monitoring, and awareness campaigns. Finally, alignment with national and international goals ensures that TerSU's actions support Uzbekistan's Strategy for Transition to a Green Economy, the UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, and commitments under the CBD, UNCCD, and IUCN frameworks.

IV. Scope of Policy Application

This Policy governs all University-managed lands, including main campuses, experimental and research stations, agricultural fields, botanical gardens, arboreta, and natural habitats adjacent to University facilities. It also applies to university development projects, infrastructure expansion, research activities, fieldwork, and partnerships that may influence terrestrial ecosystems, species habitats, or the introduction of non-native species. All departments, faculties, and administrative units are required to adhere to the provisions of this Policy in the planning, execution, and evaluation of their operations.

TerSU recognizes that ecosystem protection and species conservation extend beyond campus boundaries. Accordingly, the University shall engage with regional authorities, environmental agencies, local communities, and non-governmental organizations to implement coordinated strategies for habitat restoration, invasive species control, and biodiversity monitoring within the Surkhandarya region and other areas influenced by University activities.

V. Institutional Framework and Governance

The effective implementation of this Policy depends on a clear governance structure, defined responsibilities, and coordinated actions across all levels of the University. To achieve this, Termez State University establishes a central oversight and operational framework under the direction of the Rector and the Vice-Rector for Science, Innovation, and Ecology. This office shall serve as the principal authority for environmental management, biodiversity protection, and invasive species control across all University operations.

A **Sustainability and Biodiversity Management Committee (SBMC)** will be constituted under the Rector's directive to oversee the implementation of this Policy. The Committee shall comprise representatives from faculties of Biology, Environmental Science, Geography, Agricultural Sciences, and Engineering, as well as student environmental organizations and administrative units responsible for facilities

management. The Committee will coordinate policy execution, monitor outcomes, and provide recommendations for continuous improvement.

The responsibilities of the SBMC include: coordinating the integration of sustainability and biodiversity considerations into academic curricula and research projects; developing annual Environmental Action Plans that define specific objectives, timelines, and resource allocations; overseeing habitat restoration programs, reforestation projects, and invasive species management; conducting regular audits of campus lands and adjacent ecosystems; maintaining a biodiversity register that documents IUCN Red List species and nationally protected species present on University properties; and preparing annual reports for the Rector and relevant governmental agencies, including the Ministry of Ecology, Environmental Protection and Climate Change of Uzbekistan.

Each University department, faculty, and operational unit is responsible for ensuring that its activities comply with this Policy. Faculties must integrate environmental awareness and biodiversity considerations into research and teaching, while administrative units and maintenance teams must implement sustainable land use practices, habitat protection measures, and invasive species control strategies as prescribed by the SBMC.

VI. Operational Mechanisms

To operationalize this Policy, TerSU shall implement a combination of monitoring, management, and educational strategies designed to maintain ecosystem integrity and support biodiversity. A key component is the establishment of a **Biodiversity Monitoring Program**, managed by the Department of Environmental Sustainability and Life Sciences. This program will systematically identify and map habitats, track the status of threatened or endangered species, and monitor the distribution of invasive species across University campuses and associated research areas.

Periodic ecological assessments shall be conducted to determine population trends of species listed on the IUCN Red List and Uzbekistan's National Conservation List, as well as to detect and evaluate the impacts of invasive organisms. These assessments will utilize modern technologies including Geographic Information Systems (GIS), remote sensing, and data collection platforms to ensure accurate and timely information. The resulting Biodiversity Register will serve as the basis for decision-making, reporting, and research initiatives.

For habitats that support endangered or nationally protected species, TerSU shall implement strict protective measures. These include the designation of Protected

Habitat Zones within University lands, restricting human access where necessary, and enforcing environmental safeguards during construction or field activities. Habitat restoration programs will be undertaken in degraded areas, including reforestation with native species, soil stabilization, and the creation of microhabitats for wildlife. By 2030, the University aims to rehabilitate at least ten hectares of natural habitat, focusing on restoring ecological functions and enhancing biodiversity resilience.

Invasive species management will follow a preventive and adaptive approach. TerSU shall conduct comprehensive campus surveys to identify alien species, assess their ecological risk, and apply control measures such as mechanical removal, habitat restoration, and where necessary, the careful application of environmentally safe chemical or biological treatments. All interventions will prioritize the protection of native species and the maintenance of ecosystem services. Long-term monitoring and adaptive management will ensure that these strategies are continually refined to improve their effectiveness.

VII. Research, Education, and Community Engagement

Termez State University recognizes that education and research are integral to sustainable ecosystem management and biodiversity conservation. The University shall integrate conservation and invasive species topics into academic curricula, providing students with theoretical knowledge and practical experience in environmental stewardship. Field projects, laboratory exercises, and citizen science initiatives will provide hands-on learning opportunities that enhance students' understanding of ecological systems and the impacts of human activities.

The University will foster partnerships with local communities, schools, and environmental organizations to promote public awareness of ecosystem conservation and invasive species management. Students and staff will participate in outreach programs, ecological restoration projects, and volunteer initiatives designed to strengthen community engagement and capacity-building. By 2028, TerSU aims to involve at least 60 percent of its student body in biodiversity-related educational or service activities.

Faculty members and researchers are encouraged to pursue applied and interdisciplinary studies in habitat restoration, ecosystem monitoring, and species conservation. Collaborative research with national institutions such as the State Committee for Ecology and Environmental Protection, the State Committee on Forestry, and international organizations including the IUCN, UNEP, and WWF, will

be actively pursued to align local actions with global biodiversity goals and enhance technical expertise.

VIII. Environmental and Biodiversity Impact Assessment

To ensure that University development and operational activities do not compromise ecological integrity, Termez State University shall implement **Environmental and Biodiversity Impact Assessments (EBIAs)** for all new construction, expansion projects, research initiatives, or land use changes. These assessments are designed to identify potential adverse effects on terrestrial ecosystems, endangered species, and overall biodiversity.

The EBIA process will adhere to Uzbekistan's Law on Environmental Protection (2018), the Law on Specially Protected Natural Territories (2011), the Law on Plant Quarantine (2019), and relevant regulations regarding land use planning and forestry, as well as international standards under the United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD, 1992) and the UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDG 15: Life on Land).

Each EBIA shall include: a baseline survey of existing ecological conditions, identification of threatened and endangered species, mapping of habitats and potential corridors for wildlife, assessment of invasive species risks, and evaluation of potential impacts from construction or operational activities. Proposed mitigation measures must be documented and implemented before project approval. These may include re-routing infrastructure to avoid critical habitats, establishing buffer zones, habitat restoration initiatives, or compensatory measures such as creating equivalent habitat areas elsewhere.

No project shall proceed without review and approval from the **Sustainability and Biodiversity Management Committee (SBMC)**. The Committee will ensure that mitigation measures are feasible, evidence-based, and aligned with both national and international conservation obligations. EBIAs will be revisited periodically to assess the effectiveness of implemented measures and to make adaptive management adjustments as required.

IX. Sustainable Campus Development

Termez State University is committed to embedding sustainability principles into campus planning, construction, and daily operations. Sustainable development within the University context encompasses energy efficiency, water conservation, sustainable landscaping, and responsible use of materials, alongside the protection and enhancement of biodiversity.

New and existing facilities shall be designed with ecological sensitivity in mind. Construction plans will include measures to reduce soil erosion, preserve existing vegetation, and minimize habitat fragmentation. Landscaping initiatives shall prioritize native plant species to support pollinators, wildlife, and the resilience of terrestrial ecosystems. Campus greening projects will integrate biodiversity corridors to connect green spaces and enhance ecological networks.

Water management strategies will be implemented to conserve resources and prevent environmental degradation. These include rainwater harvesting, water recycling, and efficient irrigation systems. Wastewater management shall ensure that effluents do not compromise soil or water quality in campus and surrounding areas.

Energy efficiency measures shall be adopted in accordance with Uzbekistan's national energy policies and international climate agreements, including the Paris Agreement. This includes the use of renewable energy sources, energy-efficient lighting, and sustainable heating, ventilation, and cooling systems. The University will continuously explore innovative technologies and practices to reduce its carbon footprint and environmental impact.

X. Prevention and Control of Invasive Species

Invasive species pose a significant threat to the ecological integrity of University lands and surrounding ecosystems. TerSU adopts a proactive and adaptive management approach to minimize these risks, combining prevention, early detection, control, and restoration efforts.

Preventive measures include rigorous screening and risk assessment for all plant, animal, or microbial materials introduced to the campus for landscaping, research, or educational purposes. All non-native species must receive prior approval from the SBMC, based on a formal risk evaluation.

Early detection and monitoring programs will be implemented campus-wide, with regular surveys to identify new invasive species incursions. Data from these surveys will be integrated into a Geographic Information System (GIS) database, enabling spatial analysis, trend tracking, and strategic planning of control measures.

Control strategies for established invasive species shall focus on mechanical removal, habitat restoration, and, where scientifically justified, controlled application of environmentally safe chemical or biological interventions. Priority will be given to methods that minimize unintended impacts on native flora and fauna. Sites impacted by invasive species will be subject to ecological restoration programs, including

reintroduction of native plants and management of soil and water resources to support habitat recovery.

Community education and participation are integral to invasive species management. Students, staff, and volunteers will be trained to recognize invasive species, participate in monitoring programs, and implement control measures under supervision. Outreach initiatives will raise awareness about the ecological, social, and economic impacts of invasive species, fostering a culture of environmental stewardship throughout the University community.

XI. Monitoring and Evaluation

Termez State University recognizes that the ongoing success of ecosystem conservation, biodiversity protection, and invasive species management requires a robust monitoring and evaluation (M&E) system. This system will provide evidence-based insights, ensure transparency, and guide adaptive management of University operations.

The M&E framework will include both quantitative and qualitative indicators. Quantitative measures will track tree planting and survival rates, land area restored, soil erosion reduction, water usage efficiency, and the population status of IUCN Red Listed and nationally protected species. Qualitative indicators will assess the effectiveness of educational programs, student engagement, community participation, and awareness campaigns.

All monitoring activities will be conducted under the oversight of the **Sustainability and Biodiversity Management Committee (SBMC)** in coordination with the Department of Environmental Sustainability and Life Sciences. Field surveys, ecological audits, and habitat assessments will occur regularly across all University-owned and managed lands, research stations, botanical and zoological sites, and areas affected by University projects. Data collected will be integrated into the University's GIS and Biodiversity Register for analysis, reporting, and policy refinement.

An **Annual Sustainability and Biodiversity Report** will be published, summarizing monitoring results, conservation actions undertaken, challenges encountered, and recommendations for policy improvement. This report will be shared with the Rector, relevant governmental authorities, international partners, and made accessible to the public through the University's website. Recommendations derived from these reports will inform adaptive management strategies and future University planning.

XII. Compliance and Enforcement

All University staff, students, contractors, and collaborators are expected to comply with this Policy. Compliance is not only a matter of institutional obligation but also a legal and ethical responsibility under Uzbekistan's environmental legislation, including the Law on Environmental Protection (2018), the Law on Specially Protected Natural Territories (2011), the Law on Plant Quarantine (2019), and applicable international agreements such as the UN Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) and Sustainable Development Goals (SDG 15).

The SBMC will oversee compliance across all University activities. Department heads, project leaders, and administrative units are responsible for ensuring adherence to the principles and procedures outlined in this Policy. Failure to comply with Policy requirements may result in administrative measures, including formal warnings, suspension of projects, financial penalties, or other actions prescribed under University regulations.

Permitting and risk assessment protocols are mandatory for all new introductions of non-native species or changes to University lands. Prior to any construction, landscaping, or research activity that may impact natural habitats or species, an Environmental and Biodiversity Impact Assessment (EBIA) must be completed and approved by the SBMC.

The University emphasizes a culture of proactive compliance. Staff and students will be trained in environmental regulations, conservation standards, and invasive species management. Regular audits and inspections will ensure that University operations are consistent with both national legal obligations and international biodiversity commitments.

XIII. Research, Academic Integration, and Knowledge Sharing

As an academic institution, Termez State University places high priority on research and education as tools for sustainable ecosystem management. Faculty members are encouraged to undertake applied and interdisciplinary research that addresses terrestrial ecosystem conservation, species protection, invasive species control, habitat restoration, and climate adaptation. Postgraduate students and researchers will be integrated into projects that allow them to gain practical experience while contributing to University and national conservation goals.

Curricula across relevant faculties will include modules on biodiversity, ecosystem management, environmental policy, sustainable development, and conservation techniques. Laboratory exercises, field courses, and citizen science projects will

provide experiential learning opportunities. Students will participate in monitoring endangered species, managing invasive species, and supporting habitat restoration initiatives.

Knowledge sharing is emphasized at both national and international levels. TerSU will collaborate with governmental authorities, NGOs, and academic institutions, including the IUCN, UNEP, WWF, and regional conservation networks, to exchange best practices, data, and methodologies. Workshops, seminars, and conferences will be organized to promote dialogue between scientists, students, policymakers, and community stakeholders. These activities will enhance technical capacity, foster innovation, and ensure that the University's practices align with the latest scientific and legal frameworks.

Community outreach programs will extend the University's influence beyond campus boundaries. TerSU will engage local schools, community organizations, and citizen groups in conservation initiatives, biodiversity monitoring, and awareness campaigns. Students will be empowered to serve as environmental ambassadors, promoting sustainable behaviors and ecological responsibility in the broader community.

XIV. Partnerships and Collaborative Engagement

Termez State University acknowledges that the protection of biodiversity and terrestrial ecosystems cannot be achieved in isolation. Strategic partnerships at local, national, and international levels are essential to enhance technical capacity, mobilize resources, and ensure the effective implementation of conservation and sustainability initiatives.

At the national level, TerSU will collaborate with the Ministry of Ecology, Environmental Protection and Climate Change, the State Committee on Forestry, the Agency for Plant Quarantine, and other relevant government bodies. These partnerships will support the identification, protection, and restoration of endangered species, facilitate compliance with legal requirements, and enable participation in nationwide conservation programs.

International collaboration will be pursued with organizations such as the IUCN, UNEP, UNESCO, and WWF, as well as with leading universities and research institutions in Central Asia and beyond. These partnerships will provide access to scientific expertise, biodiversity databases, and global best practices in ecosystem management, invasive species control, and sustainable land use.

Local engagement is central to TerSU's approach. The University will work with surrounding communities, schools, and non-governmental organizations to build awareness of biodiversity and promote active participation in conservation initiatives.

Students and staff will collaborate with community members on tree planting, habitat restoration, and invasive species management projects, fostering shared responsibility for environmental stewardship.

Special attention will be given to programs that empower youth and women, in accordance with Uzbekistan's national policies on gender equality, civic participation, and social inclusion. These initiatives will ensure that environmental decision-making is inclusive and representative of the broader community.

XV. Resource Mobilization and Financial Planning

The effective implementation of this integrated policy requires sustained financial and human resources. Termez State University will employ a multifaceted approach to resource mobilization, combining internal budget allocations with external funding from governmental, private, and international sources.

The University's operational budget will include dedicated allocations for environmental management, habitat restoration, biodiversity monitoring, invasive species control, and community engagement programs. Research grants from national environmental programs, such as the State Fund for Scientific Research, will support applied studies and innovative conservation initiatives.

International funding opportunities, including those provided by UNDP, GEF, UNESCO, and other development partners, will be actively pursued to complement national resources. TerSU will also explore green financing mechanisms, carbon offset programs, and environmentally focused sponsorships to ensure sustainable long-term funding.

Human resource planning is equally important. The University will designate specialized staff within the Department of Environmental Sustainability and Life Sciences to lead monitoring, research, and restoration activities. Faculty, postgraduate students, and volunteers will be engaged in practical programs to maximize human capital and foster experiential learning. Training programs will equip staff and students with the technical skills necessary for effective ecosystem management and conservation.

XVI. Habitat Restoration Programs

TerSU is committed to restoring degraded habitats both on campus and in adjacent areas, thereby enhancing biodiversity, improving ecosystem resilience, and mitigating the impacts of invasive species. Restoration initiatives will focus on:

- Reforestation and afforestation using native species suited to the Surkhandarya region's semi-arid climate.

- Rehabilitation of degraded drylands and soil stabilization projects, including erosion control and organic soil improvement.
- Restoration of wetlands and riparian zones to support aquatic and terrestrial biodiversity.
- Creation of biodiversity corridors and green belts to enhance habitat connectivity and support wildlife movement.

Restoration projects will be guided by ecological assessments and scientific research, ensuring that interventions are evidence-based and aligned with national and international conservation standards. By 2030, TerSU aims to rehabilitate a minimum of 50 hectares of degraded terrestrial ecosystems, contributing to regional biodiversity recovery and ecosystem service enhancement.

Monitoring and evaluation of restoration efforts will be integrated into the University's M&E system. Progress will be documented in annual reports, and adaptive management strategies will be applied to optimize restoration outcomes. Students and staff will be actively engaged in habitat restoration, providing hands-on training while contributing to the University's sustainability goals.

XVII. Legal Compliance and Alignment with International Standards

Termez State University is committed to full compliance with the national legal framework of Uzbekistan as well as relevant international treaties and conventions. All University operations, programs, and projects will adhere to the provisions of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the Law on Environmental Protection (2018), the Law on Specially Protected Natural Territories (2011), the Law on Plant Quarantine (2019), and other relevant legislation governing forestry, biodiversity, and land use.

Internationally, TerSU aligns its activities with the **United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD, 1992)**, the **UN Convention to Combat Desertification (UNCCD, 1994)**, the **Paris Agreement on Climate Change (2015)**, and the **Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), particularly SDG 15: Life on Land**. The University integrates these standards into policy design, operational procedures, environmental impact assessments, and ecosystem management practices.

By ensuring legal compliance, TerSU demonstrates its accountability not only to national authorities but also to global environmental governance frameworks, thereby reinforcing its credibility as a responsible academic and ecological institution.

XVIII. Reporting, Transparency, and Accountability

Transparency and accountability are central to the University's approach to sustainability and biodiversity management. The **Sustainability and Biodiversity Management Committee (SBMC)** is responsible for collecting, analyzing, and disseminating information related to ecosystem health, species protection, invasive species management, and habitat restoration.

Annual reports will be prepared, detailing:

- Species identified and protected, including IUCN Red Listed and nationally protected species.
- Areas restored or rehabilitated, with quantitative and qualitative performance indicators.
- Status and management of invasive species populations.
- Community engagement and student participation in conservation and education programs.
- Financial expenditures and resource utilization for environmental programs.

These reports will be made publicly available through the University's website and shared with national authorities, partner organizations, and relevant international bodies. The publication of reports ensures that all stakeholders—students, staff, local communities, and global partners—are informed of the University's achievements, challenges, and ongoing commitments.

Accountability mechanisms will include regular internal audits, independent evaluations, and adaptive management reviews. Non-compliance with policy provisions by University personnel or contractors will trigger corrective actions, which may include warnings, suspension of activities, or other measures in accordance with University regulations and national law.

XIX. Long-Term Vision and Commitment

Termez State University aspires to establish a **biodiversity-positive and ecologically resilient campus**, where human activities harmonize with natural ecosystems. The University envisions a campus that is a living laboratory for sustainable development, providing both educational and practical examples of ecosystem stewardship.

By 2030, TerSU aims to:

- Achieve full compliance with national environmental laws and international biodiversity protection standards.

- Restore and maintain at least 50 hectares of degraded terrestrial ecosystems surrounding University lands.
- Ensure the effective protection and monitoring of all IUCN Red Listed and nationally protected species within University influence areas.
- Eliminate or substantially reduce the impact of invasive species on campus ecosystems.
- Embed sustainability principles across all University functions, curricula, and community outreach programs.
- Engage the majority of students and staff in practical conservation and environmental education activities, fostering a culture of ecological responsibility.

This long-term vision reflects TerSU's institutional commitment to ecological stewardship, scientific research, education, and civic responsibility. Through continued implementation of this Policy, the University aims to serve as a **regional model of environmental leadership**, contributing meaningfully to Uzbekistan's sustainable development, global biodiversity goals, and the United Nations 2030 Agenda.

Termez State University reaffirms that the protection, restoration, and sustainable management of terrestrial ecosystems are not merely operational tasks but a moral and civic duty. The University pledges to uphold the highest standards of sustainability, integrate science and education into conservation action, and ensure that future generations inherit a healthy, diverse, and resilient natural environment.

XX. Entry into force and review

The policy is effective from 1 January 2025.

It shall be reviewed every three years, or within six months following any relevant legislative change.

XXI. Responsible unit and contact

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Signed by the Rector:
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Gafur Togaev
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